

**AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION**

Please revise paragraph [0041] of the specification (corresponds to paragraph [0044] of the Published Application) as follows:

**[0041]** In the embodiment shown in Figs. 3 and 13, the crossed wire member (31) comprises eight spirally-configured wires (311), i.e., four left-handed spiral wires (311a) and four right-handed spiral wires (311b), which are fashioned into a spiral shape consisting of one turn. In the figures, all the right-handed spiral wires (311b) are drawn by solid black lines, while the left-handed spiral wires (311a) are drawn by broken lines cut off in the parts where the left-handed spiral wire (311a) and right-handed spiral wire (311b) cross each other. As a material for wire 311, there may be used a shape-memory alloy, which recover its memorized shape at a desired temperature. Generally used alloy is a Ni--Ti alloy, a Cu--Zn--Al alloy, a Cu--Al--Ni alloy, or the like. When the wires 311 are made of a shape-memory alloy, the thrombus capture member 3, more precisely, the crossed wire member 31 comprised of plural wires 311 spirally formed and crossed with one another, memorizes a shape (an original shape to be restored) as shown in Fig. 3. For application to a diseased site large in thrombus, the thrombus capture member 3 may be formed to have a more long shape so that thrombus are captured as much as possible. Generally, there are prepared a series of thrombus capture members 3 with an outer diameter of 3.0, 3.5, 4.0, 4.5, 5.0, 5.5, 6.0, 6.5, 7.0, 7.5, 8.0 mm. It

is preferred to use any thrombus capture member 3 according to the lumen of the diseased site. Of course, the size of the thrombus capture member 3 is never limited to the aforesaid sizes and may take any desired size as occasion demands.